

The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY.

MASSILLON, OHIO, THURSDAY MARCH 6, 1902

XL-NO 50

RIOTING AT NORFOLK.

Strike Sympathizers Stoned
Street Cars and Fought
Military Guards.

AMAZON WITH HANDY FISTS.

Beat Down a Sergeant Who Bayoneted
Her Husband—Discolored the Face
of a Lieutenant—City May Be
Placed Under Martial Law.

Norfolk, Va., March 5.—A mob of 500 strike sympathizers thronged the streets of Norfolk yesterday, on which the main line of the Norfolk Railway and Light company's cars were run, and the police were unable to cope with it from noon until after dark, when the cars, which were guarded by detachments of military and had run with difficulty all day, were housed in the barns.

In the county where the barns are, the military was in control of the situation. Cars were repeatedly derailed, wagon loads of stones were piled on the tracks, and free fights between the military guards and the crowd occurred during the day at frequent intervals.

Woman Handy With Her Fists.

In one instance a sergeant ran a bayonet into a charm of H. H. Harmanser, a barber. Mrs. Harmanser, who was standing by her husband at the time, knocked the sergeant to the ground with both fists and discolored the face of Lieut. E. R. Gale, who was near her. Several soldiers were struck by missiles thrown through the windows of the cars. A number of arrests were made by both the police and military.

Last night it was determined that martial law will be declared in Norfolk this morning. Four more infantry companies from Emporia, Suffolk, Smithfield and Franklin, making the entire Seventy-first regiment, have been ordered out.

ETRURIA IN TOW.

Lost Her Propeller and Steering Gear
All Were Reported Well.

New York March 5.—The Evening World yesterday printed a dispatch from one of its reporters who is a passenger on the Etruria. The dispatch which was taken from the Etruria to the Azores by the oil tank steamer Ottawa, which spoke the Etruria on Friday, is as follows:

The Etruria lost her propeller and steering gear in mid-Atlantic on the evening of February 26. Drifted helplessly in a heavy sea all night, making continuous signals. Too much can not be said for the bravery and coolness of Captain Stephens, whose example filled the passengers and crew with courage.

"They are trying to tow the Etruria to the Azores. As I write we are now in tow of the steamer William Cliff, but are making no headway. Wind and sea against us and Cliff not strong enough to do more than hold us steady."

"All are well on board, and after the first excitement everything has been quiet. They are trying to lash spars to make a rudder. Captain of oil tank steamer Ottawa, from Philadelphia, has promised to file this at first port touched. Captain Stephens wishes to assure all that there is no danger."

HENRY A. EVERETT RETIRED.

Andrews Syndicate to Take Control of
A Cleveland Railway.

Cleveland, O., March 5.—Henry A. Everett resigned yesterday as president of the Cleveland Electric Railway company, known locally as the Big Consolidated company. With his resignation was also handed in that of Fred E. Borton, secretary, and C. W. Wason, purchasing agent. The resignations of Mr. Everett and Mr. Wason from the directorate were also tendered.

Mr. Everett said yesterday: "The syndicate headed by Mr. Andrews will take the syndicate stock in the Big Consolidated next Saturday."

The Big Consolidated controls and operates fully two-thirds of the electric traction lines in this city.

Sons of Naval Heroes Named.

Washington, March 5.—The President has made the following appointments for cadetships at the naval academy: Ralph Earle Sampson, son of Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson, principal; Woodward Phillip, son of the late Rear Admiral Phillip, first alternate; O. W. Howard, son of Major General Howard, United States army, second alternate; and Presley Morgan Taylor, son of Rear Admiral Henry C. Taylor, third alternate.

Judge Edward F. Dunne, of Chicago, presided and made a stirring address in praise of Robert Emmett. Speeches were also made by other local speakers.

NEW YORK CASH RESERVE.

May Be Wiped Out This Week—
Probably \$5,000,000 in Gold
Will Be Exported.

New York, March 5.—The day's stock market for the greater part of the day represented the retracing of Monday's upward course in the regular process of taking profits on a small turn, which is a characteristic of a narrow professional market. Late in the day, however, the selling movement gained appreciable force and carried prices downward by rapid stages to the low of the day, making the closing active and weak. The market also broadened out considerably in the late selling movement and the dealings were much better distributed than at any other time during the day. The standard stocks were as greatly affected as some of the minor specialties which have lately been so conspicuous in the market.

The growing dimensions of the requirements upon New York cash reserves seemed to be the cause of the rather acute uneasiness manifested. The engagement of gold for export announced yesterday for Thursday's and Saturday's steamers and estimates of others likely to be made indicate the probability of an outgo of \$5,000,000 or over this week to foreign shores. The underwriting syndicate of the San Francisco traction organization called upon its subscribers yesterday for a 20 per cent payment on Thursday. This means the remittance to San Francisco at that time of about \$4,000,000. It is true that this operation will mean no encroachment upon the country's available money supply, as the treasury authorities will pay out in San Francisco immediately the amount deposited in the sub-treasury in New York, but the operation involves a depletion of New York bank reserves nevertheless.

The sub-treasury had already taken from the New York money market since Friday on routine operations \$3,111,996. With the surplus reserves of the banks last week below \$10,000,000, these figures indicate sufficient requirements to wipe out the surplus entirely. Under the average systems of computation it is also expected that part of last week's decrease in cash reserves will be felt in this week's bank statement. The confidence which has been felt in the continued ease of the money market in face of these developing factors was partly based upon the belief in government bond circles that government bonds would be offered to the treasury department for redemption in case of any real need in the money market. As a matter of fact, bonds to the par value of a million dollars were offered to the sub-treasury yesterday, for which \$1,122,401 was paid in cash, but this did not seem to relieve the apprehension of a possible money squeeze. It was noticeable also that the sterling exchange market was affected by the offering of bills against the gold exchanged for export, so that rate yielded a fraction, which was not the case when gold was engaged last week.

The House spent another day in discussion of the bill to classify the rural free delivery service and place the carriers under the contract system. No vote was reached and it is doubtful if one will be had tomorrow, as the list of speakers is still large. The fate of the bill is in doubt, although the impression prevailing is that it will be defeated.

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Atlanta, Ga., March 5.—William L. Jacob, William Kendlig and Thomas J. Stewart, the Philadelphia counterfeitors, have been placed in the Atlantic Federal prison, to finish their term of imprisonment.

Against Northern Securities Company.

Trenton, N. J., March 5.—Senator Jobbhardt, Democrat, of Hunterdon, introduced a bill in the Senate to repeal and dissolve the charter and corporate existence of the Northern Securities company.

Pope Received Bishop Farley.

Rome, March 5.—The Pope yesterday received in audience Mgr. J. M. Farley, coadjutor bishop of New York.

The Markets.

Pittsburg, March 4.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 77¢/78¢; CORN—No. 2 shelled, 65¢/66¢; No. 2 ear, 69¢/70¢.

OATS—No. 2 white, 48¢/49¢; ex-

tra, 48¢/49¢; regular 3s, 47¢/48¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$14.25¢/14.75¢; No. 2, \$12.75¢/13.00¢; No. 1 clover, \$10.75¢/11.00¢; No. 1 clover mixed, \$10.75¢/11.25¢; No. 1 prairie, \$10.50¢/11.00¢; packing, \$9.00¢/10.50¢; No. 1 timothy, from wagon, loose, \$14.75¢/15.00¢.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 32¢/32½¢;

creamy, 31¢/31½¢; Ohio and Penn-

sylvania, 28¢/29¢; lower grades, 17¢/18¢.

CHEESE—Full cream, Ohio, Sep-

tember, 124¢/12½¢; three quarters,

11½¢/11¾¢; New York state, Sep-

tember, full cream, 12½¢/12¾¢; Wis-

consin Swiss, 15¢/15½¢; 20½¢ Swiss,

15½¢/15½¢; 5lb brick, 14¢/14½¢; Inter-

berger, 13¢/13½¢.

EGGS—Candied, fresh, 28¢/29¢; se-

lects, 29¢/30¢.

POULTRY—Chickens, live, hens,

12¢/13¢; broilers, 14¢/15¢; roasters,

9¢/10¢; dressed, 15¢/15½¢; turkeys,

live, 14¢/15¢; dressed, 19¢/20¢; ducks,

14¢/15¢; dressed, 19¢/20¢; geese,

dressed, 12½¢/13¢.

CATTLE—Choice, \$6.40¢/6.50¢;

prime, \$6.20¢/6.40¢; good, \$5.50¢/5.90¢;

tidy, butchers, \$5.00¢/5.50¢; fair, \$4.25¢/4.50¢; heifers, \$3.75¢/5.25¢; fat cows,

\$3.00¢/4.75¢; bullocks and stags, \$2.50¢/4.75¢; good fresh cows and springers,

\$1.50¢/6.00¢; common to fair fresh

cows, \$2.50¢/4.00¢.

HOGS—Prime hams, \$6.35¢/6.40¢;

best mediums, \$6.30¢/6.35¢; heavy

Yukons, \$6.50¢/6.25¢; light Yukons,

\$5.90¢/6.10¢; pigs, \$4.50¢/5.60¢; roughs,

\$5.00¢/6.00¢.

SWINE AND LAMBS—Best weth-

ers, \$5.40¢/5.60¢; good, \$5.10¢/5.20¢,

mixed, \$4.00¢/4.75¢; culs and common,

\$2.00¢/3.50¢; yearlings, \$5.00¢/5.85¢;

choice lambs, \$6.35¢/6.50¢; common to

good, \$4.50¢/5.20¢; veal calves, \$7.50¢/

7.75¢; heavy and thin, \$4.50¢/5.50¢.

WAR REVENUE BILL.

Now in the Hands of Finance Committee.

THE DELIVERY OF RURAL MAIL.

Contract System Will Probably
be Defeated—Senators Allison
and Doliver, of Iowa, Present
Their Credentials—Allison Elected for Sixth
Consecutive Term of Six Years.

Washington, March 5.—The House bill for the repeal of the war revenue bill and providing for the removal of the duty on tea received its first consideration at the hands of the Senate committee on finance yesterday, and when the committee adjourned members expressed the opinion that the measure would be favorably reported after one or two more sittings. No opposition was expressed to the measure as a whole, but the time of the meeting was given over to a discussion of the features of the bill and the probable effect of its enactment into law upon the finances of the country.

Senator Aldrich, as chairman of the committee, presented a carefully-compiled statement showing the expenditures and receipts of the country for the past fifteen years. According to this statement the receipts for the fiscal year 1901 exceeded the expenditures to the extent of \$108,000,000. The average internal revenue receipts under the war revenue act are \$86,000,000, and those collected on the importations of tea \$9,000,000, leaving still a probable surplus of more than \$30,000,000 per year after the abolition of the present taxes.

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THE INDEPENDENT

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY.

INDEPENDENT BUILDING.

30 N. Erie Street, — MASSILLON, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1868

DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.

SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.

BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT IS ON
SALE AT BARNBY'S BOOK STORE, BARNBY'S CIGAR STAND (HOTEL COURTS) AND BERT HANKIN'S NEWS STAND, NORTH MILL STREET.

THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1902

The greatest business ever reported by any railroad in the world is shown in the annual statement of the Pennsylvania railroad system. The company follows a policy of liberality and fairness in its dealings with the public and its employees and its prosperity is a matter for general congratulation.

Railroad earnings have become smaller and it is stated that those of February will, as a whole, show a decline as compared with those of February of last year. But February of this year was month of storms and adverse conditions for railway traffic, while a year ago the weather was propitious. The falling off, therefore, is easily explained.

There is plenty of good timber among the candidates for the various offices on the Republican ticket this spring. If any voter doubts this fact let him glance over the list printed on another page of The Independent. It may be a somewhat difficult task to register his choice between them, but it is a duty which every conscientious citizen is bound to perform. Later on it becomes a duty to enthusiastically support the nominees whether they happen to be one's personal choice or not.

Fire insurance men are discouraged over the outlook for this year. The ordinary losses for the year are far in excess of last year and its total was nearly \$160,000,000. The fact that the country has been unusually prosperous, it is said, has alone prevented the retirement of companies from being trebled. As it is, many companies which have lost on their underwriting have made it up through the increase in the value of the securities held by them as their accumulated assets from past years of prosperity.

March is the one great month in the year for crop scares. Stories of the thawing and freezing of winter wheat are already coming in, but the best authorities assert that no one is justified in making prophecies or forming conclusions as to the probable outcome of the crop.

The snow protection was late in coming and now the snow is off the ground practically all over the wheat belt; the sudden spread of a cold wave, therefore, might prove disastrous. But there is no cold wave in sight just now and the grain markets which would be the first to scent danger, have only slightly stiffened.

NEW STAMPS COMING.

The bureau of engraving and printing has received instructions from the postoffice department to prepare designs for an entire new series of postage stamps.

The question of a new series was discussed following the death of President McKinley, and it was thought that when the new set was ordered the portrait of President McKinley would surely adorn one of the denominations. The department, however, concluded to place the portrait of the late President upon a new postal card of unique design, and this removed him from the list.

However, a new face will appear, that of President Harrison, on a new denomination—a thirteen-cent stamp. There will be practically no demand for a stamp of this value for domestic use, but for foreign use thirteen cents represents the cost of sending a registered letter weighing not more than one-half ounce to any country within the postal union. Only one other change will be made. Commodore Perry, whose face has adorned the 90-cent value from 1870 down to 1894 and the \$1 from 1894 to the present date, will be superseded upon the \$1 denomination by another famous seafighter, Admiral Farragut. Commodore Perry disappears permanently.

The present full set is as follows: 1-cent, green, face of Franklin; 2-cent, carmine, face of Washington; 3-cent, purple, face of Jackson; 4-cent, dark brown, face of Lincoln; 5-cent, chocolate, face of Grant; 6-cent, red-brown, face of Garfield; 8-cent, mauve, face of Sherman; 10-cent, face of Webster; 15-cent, dark blue, face of Clay; 50-cent, orange, face of Jefferson; \$1, black, face of Perry; \$2, sapphire, face of Madison; \$5, dark green, face of Marshall.

The present series of postage stamps has been in continuous use for just thirteen years, which is much longer than the life of the ordinary series. It is proposed that everything in

connection with the series shall be new. New designs for borders will be drawn, new shades of color employed, and the new stamps may be of different size and shape. Under the portrait will be the name of the subject with the date of birth and death. The 10-cent special delivery stamp will be slightly changed in design, and the color will be orange instead of blue.

It is interesting to note that since 1861 but two Presidents have not been honored by placing their portrait upon a postage stamp—Johnson and Arthur—Cleveland, still living, not being eligible. It is not unlikely that when another new design for postal card shall be adopted—and these designs change often—that President McKinley will take a place upon a postage stamp, possibly superseding Sherman on the eight or Webster on the 10-cent.

A CHANCE OF SENTIMENT.

The Present Legislature Will Not Abandon Canals.

Columbus, March 4.—The present legislature will not abandon the state canals. Even Painter, whose bill for abandonment is still concealed in the archives of the committee on public works, has lost hope of accomplishing more than agitation, which he believes will result in the next legislature adopting the plan he has proposed to this one. Painter still believes his bill will pass the House, but he expects the Senate to kill it. At the outset of the session there was general

agreement apparently that the canals should be abandoned. The question was all over the method. Now the feeling is almost as universal that this legislature should leave the settlement of the canal problem to its successor.

No public demand has been presented to have enacted the bill they have introduced. There has been any amount of demand for its defeat. Meisel, of Cuyahoga, has suggested a way out of the problem as far as this legislation is concerned, and his plan will probably be adopted in one form or another. He has a bill requiring the appointment of a commission to investigate the question and report to the next legislature. The plan will meet with favor on each side, for after all the airing of the canal question has had some legislation in order, and a commission will be an easy solution.

Meanwhile, each side is rallying its forces for the joint session of the House and Senate on March 11, called by the House resolution. A public hearing will be given at the time to all who have anything to say to the legislature on the subject of canals, and all bills dealing with those waterways will be considered.

MAKING MONEY IN PRISON.

A remarkable example of cunning has been unearthed in one of our large prisons. A convict had perfected a dia and was making silver dollars, and distributing them through accomplices on the outside. Naturally the officials were very much surprised at the discovery, but no more so than the person who receives a counterfeit article in place of the genuine. It is therefore very important when you ask for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters to see that the Private Stamp over the neck is unbroken, if you value your health.

For fifty years the Bitters has been recognized as the best health-maker in existence, and if you are a sufferer from indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, flatulence or nervousness, it is because you have never tried it. Try it at once.

CARER AND CHARACTER OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

An address by Joseph Choate, ambassador to Great Britain, on the career and character of Abraham Lincoln—his early life—his early struggles with the world—his character as developed in the later years of his life and his administration, which placed him so high on the world's roll of honor and fame, has been published by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway and may be had by sending six (6) cents in postage to F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

FINE FARM LANDS.

Wisconsin is noted for its fine crops, excellent markets, pure water and healthful climate.

You can buy a farm on easy terms in Wisconsin along the line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway for less than you can rent one for three years in any of the Eastern states. Now is the time to invest.

Address F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, Chicago, Ill.

PUBLIC SALES.

John N. Trook will offer at public sale on Thursday, March 13, on the farm 3½ miles south of Navarre, near Smoketown, on the Strasburg road, 3 horses, 4 cows, 34 sheep, 27 hogs, binder mower, corn planter, wheat drill, hay tedder, 2 wagons, hay loader, fanning mill, plows, harrows, hay ladders, etc.; corn, oats and potatoes by the bushel; household furniture, canned fruit, etc. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, when terms will be made known.

On Wednesday, March 12, Sarah Lonas will offer for sale at public auction, on H. J. Lonas farm, 2 miles west of Navarre and half a mile east of Campcreek, one organ, 2 sofas, bedsteads, sinks, tables, chairs, 2-horse wagon, spring wagon, fence machine, fenders, shovels, and numerous other articles. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock. Terms made known on day of sale. A. O. McFarren, auctioneer.

Come to THE INDEPENDENT office to your job printing.

THE PASTORS MEET.

Two Church Conventions in Massillon.

THE OHIO MISSION BOARD.

Prominent Ministers in the Evangelical Church Here Monday—Lutheran Preachers Discussing the Question, "Why Practice Close Communion" Today.

The Ohio Mission Board of the Evangelical church met in Massillon Monday, the members being entertained by the Rev. J. E. Digel, pastor of St. John's church, who is president of the board. The other members are the Rev. P. O. Rush, of Brooklyn; the Rev. N. Lehmann, Elyria, and the Rev. A. Longhurst, Liverpool. The Rev. O. Oppermann, of Cleveland, and the Rev. F. Bueser, of Strasburg, were present, though not members of the board. The board discussed plans for the extension of mission work in Ohio, and decided that operations should be conducted more actively than ever before.

An official conference of Lutheran pastors of this vicinity is being held today at Faith Lutheran chapel. The ministers in attendance are the Revs. G. W. Lose and L. H. Burry, of this city; G. C. Schaub, L. M. Schmucker and L. F. Meyer, of Canton; G. Tabelman, of Zoor Station; C. Oelschlaeger, of Hartville; A. Beck, of Cana, and J. Bartholmas, of Canal Fulton. The subject under discussion is "W. Practice Close Communion?" The visiting pastors are being entertained by members of the Lutheran congregations in the city.

GOVERNOR NASH'S LETTER.

THE RESULTS EXPECTED FROM THE NEW TAXATION LAWS.

Columbus, March 4.—Governor Nash has written a letter explaining briefly the features of his taxation scheme to a Doubting Thomas in Belmont county. He points out that corporations which now make honest returns for taxation will not suffer by the enactment of the Willis bill and that, in cases where dishonest returns are made, the passage of the bill will put their capital on a sound basis.

The governor calls attention to the fact that the proposed reduction in the state levy in many instances will reduce the net amount of taxes paid by corporations, in spite of the annual fee to be required of them. The letter in part is as follows:

"The whole scheme of taxation now being considered by the general assembly will involve the passage of four or five different bills. It is hardly fair to take up one bill and criticize it without considering the entire scheme. There is now paid into the general revenue fund of the state about \$2,500,000, which is raised by levy of 1.4 mills upon the assessed valuation of the real and personal property in Ohio. The propositions now being pressed are expected to raise this sum of money, and, following this, there will be another bill abolishing the levy of 1.4 mills upon the property of the tax duplicate of the state.

"On account of the increase in the tax duplicate and the extinguishment of the funded debt of the state it will also be possible to reduce the levy for sinking fund purposes and slightly to reduce the levy for the common school fund. I believe that we will be able to reduce the entire levy for state purposes by 1.54 mills.

"Corporations now making fair returns for taxation, on account of this reduction, under the new scheme will not be compelled to pay more money for state purposes than they now pay, and some of them, taking into consideration the relief which their stockholders will receive on their personal and real property returns, will not corporations and stockholders together, pay more than one-half of what they now pay.

The results which we are now trying to accomplish will be of great benefit to the holders of real and personal property all over the state, and will save to the holders of this class of property in Belmont county alone the sum of \$33,800.

"No taxation law, no matter how wisely conceived, will be entirely just to every person. In the case of the corporation with \$100,000 capital stock, which you mention, whose property has been reduced in value to \$25,000 or \$30,000, I see no relief except by reducing the amount of its capital stock to what its property is actually worth. This would not be a hardship, because if this should be done the capital would be on a sound basis. In the case of the other corporation I see no way to compel it to increase its capital stock, unless it shall be fit to do so voluntarily."

THE OFFICIAL CALL.

Miners' Convention to be Held Here March 10.

Official notice to the miners and mine workers of Sub-District No. 3 of District No. 6, greeting: A convention will be held at the Trades' and Labor Assembly hall Monday, March 10, for the purpose of reforming the sub-district scale. Local unions are requested to be present by a delegate, as there is business of importance to transact. The convention will be called to order at 10 o'clock sun time.

ROBERT LEGG,
Sub-District President.
JOHN MORGAN,
Sub-District Secretary.

FIGHTING MEN OF THREE WARS.

PENSION DAY BRINGS THEM TOGETHER HERE.

A MEXICAN WAR VETERAN.

William Dunckley, of Jackson Township, Who "Fit Under Scott," Pays His Quarterly Visit to Massillon, and Becomes Reminiscent of Contreras and Vera Cruz.

This is Mayor Wise's "pension day." Veterans of three wars today call at the mayor's office to make the affidavits which bring them their quarter's pensions. The veterans of the civil war are still in the majority. The Spanish-American pensioners are few in number, and there is but one Mexican war veteran. This one is William Dunckley, of Jackson township.

"I fit under Scott. I was out two years, and I fought in the battles of Vera Cruz and Contreras," said Dunckley Monday morning. "There's a Mexican soldier in Canton and there's two in Akron, but none of them fought under Scott. Scott was the commander for you. Him and Grant are in the same class. They're the best this world has ever seen. It's something, I tell you, to be able to say that you used to fight under Scott, used to be right on hand to hear them sharp, clear commands and to see the man who never asked any private to go where he would not go himself. I'll never forget the night we moved on Contreras on the march to Mexico City. That was a terror. 'Not a whisper, not an unnecessary sound,' that was the word passed around to the boys. We muffled our wheels and the horses hoofs, and we slipped by them Mexicans without them becoming suspicious. That night it thundered and rained and poured, and all the earth seemed to shake. It was the worst storm I've seen in all my 77 years. But we got to Mexico all right, and what we did then is a history. Fightin' nowadays isn't what it was then. We had flintlocks then times, and we had more trouble keepin' our flints and powder dry than we did shooting the enemy."

Mr. Dunckley has been drawing a pension of \$12 a month since in the fifties. He was shot in the hand in the battle of Contreras. He is a blacksmith, and worked at his trade for 22 years at the Vogt quarry. He enlisted at Philadelphia. He has lived in this vicinity for forty years.

THEY SAW THE PRINCE.

MELVILLE KIRCHOFFER TELLS OF HIS PITTSBURG TRIP.

Melville Kirchoffer, who with James Carnes went to Pittsburgh to see Prince Henry last week, tells the following story concerning his trip:

"We got in a good position about 9 o'clock so as to be able to see the train when it came in. On account of a wreck the train was two hours late and we were compelled to remain standing for four hours. Grant boulevard, back of the union depot, had been thronged since 8 o'clock in the morning and the people were packed to the gates endeavoring to get a view of the Prince. The depot was guarded with 200 policemen. The train arrived about 1 o'clock. It consisted of eight Pullmans and two baggage coaches. As soon as the train had stopped the Prince came out on the platform, saluted the crowd and said a few words which were inaudible from where we stood. A German singing society then sang several selections, and the band played 'The Watch on the Rhine.' The train then moved out of the depot amid the cheers of the enthusiastic crowd. The tracks for miles were crowded with people who placed pennies on the track for the train to run over."

Miss Mildred Kiel is in Cleveland this week attending the wholesale millinery openings, and purchasing a new spring stock.

A NEW COTTAGE TO COST \$40,000.

TO BE DECIDED AT THE APRIL ELECTION.

MANY PETITIONS ARE RECEIVED.

Commissioner Summer Says There is but One Bath Tub for the Three Hundred Inmates of the County Infirmary—Decisions Handed Down by Circuit Court.

Canton, March 4.—The proposition for the erection of a new building at the county infirmary will again be submitted to the voters of Stark county at the election on April 7, 1902, for their approval or rejection. If a majority are favorable to the building of the proposed woman's cottage of one hundred rooms at a cost of about \$40,000 it will be built. The county commissioners for several days past have been receiving signed petitions asking for the re-submission to the voters of the proposition. These petitions come from Alliance, Massillon, Canton and different parts of the county, and are signed by voters and taxpayers. County Commissioner Summer, in speaking of the petitions, said: "The county commissioners will comply with the wishes of the petitioners. One hundred taxpayers are required as petitioners before the question shall be again submitted. There are many more than that number on the petitions handed in to us. We have the plans and specifications for the new building to be called the woman's cottage, although it is intended for the accommodation of both men and women. There is already \$32,000 in fund which can be devoted to the erection of the building and to other purpose. All that is asked of the voters is the privilege of levying a tax to raise the additional \$10,000 required."

In his conversation Commissioner Summer said: "Did you ever know that there is but one bath tub at the infirmary and that is in the hospital building which is not frequented by others than the sick? Well that's the situation and I never knew it until a day or two ago, when I talked with the new superintendent, Henry Bixler. He informed me that such was the case. There are three hundred inmates at the infirmary and no bath tub. It is scarcely any wonder that many of them have not kept clean."

In the case of Daniel F. Mock against Newton K. Bowman the lower court was also affirmed in its decision. The case was taken up on appeal. The case resulted from a partnership settlement which was placed in the hands of arbitrators. An objection was made to the report of the arbitrators which was upheld by the common pleas court and affirmed by the circuit court.

Canton, March 3.—W. D. Dine committed suicide at 9 o'clock Sunday evening by hanging himself in an outbuilding at his home at No. 1607 House street. The body was discovered fifteen minutes afterward by Mrs. Dine, and her cries attracted Ralph, their 13-year-old son. The lad cut the rope with which his father had strangled himself. Dr. Exline was summoned, but found life extinct. No troubles were known to be oppressing Mr. Dine and the only tangible theory is that his mind became unbalanced by recent sickness. Mr. Dine was a well known Cantonian and had been employed in the wood department of the Aultman Company's works. He was a member of the Junior O. U. A. M. and leaves a wife and four children. The funeral will take place at 1 o'clock Tuesday afternoon from the residence.

REFUSES ENGLAND'S REQUEST.

JAPAN WILL STAND BY ACTION OF COURT.

Yokohama, March 5.—The case of Mr. Gilmoor, third officer of the British steamer Ajax, has become an international affair. In April last year Gilmoor struck a disobedient coolie and was sentenced to fifteen days' imprisonment, according to Japanese laws. The coolie also won a suit against Gilmoor by default.

Gilmoor appealed and the case went to the British government. The first word came from England yesterday when the imperial government of Great Britain intimated that the Japanese government reconsider this decision and indemnify Mr. Gilmoor for his costs. Today a telegram from Tokyo states that the Japanese authorities see no reason why they should indemnify Mr. Gilmoor for his costs. This result is considered as interesting at this juncture as showing the hard and fast line drawn between international affairs and affairs that are purely domestic.

HE HAS SOME HURTS, TOO.</div

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Attorney O. C. Volkmar has moved his office to No. 10 South Erie street, over A. J. Miller's jewelry store.

Charles and John Kraft, of Orrville, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. A. Guernsey, in East Oak street.

Misses Mabel Smith, Bertha Murphy, Clara Snyder, Mrs. Ackerman and Mrs. Walter Harig formed a Navarre party that spent Sunday with Massillon friends.

The circulation report for February shows that 4,058 books were issued at the public library, an average of 176 a day. The largest number issued on any one day was 418.

Thieves entered the power house of the Stark electric railway, east of Alliance, between Saturday night and Monday morning, and carried off brass fittings valued at \$300.

Fred. Dressler, of 362 North street, was examining a revolver, Sunday evening, when it was accidentally discharged. The ball took effect in his leg. The wound is not serious.

Leaders of the Epworth League of the First M. E. church for March are Miss Lizzie Beavie, Miss Bertha Martin, Marshall P. Hall, Miss Ellen Fitzgerald and Miss Cora Pemberthy.

News of the marriage of Mrs. Carrie M. Russell, formerly of Massillon, to William Cooch, of Colorado Springs, has been received in the city. The marriage took place in Colorado Springs on Feb. 12.

Gerald W. Bahney and Miss Mary T. Evans were married Sunday afternoon at the parsonage of St. John's Evangelical church, the Rev. J. E. Digel officiating. Mr. Bahney is an employee of the W. & L. E. Railway Company.

Miss Gertrude Smedley and Charles H. Bayne, of Canton, were married at the parsonage of the First M. E. church, Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Mr. and Mrs. Bayne will reside in Canton, where the groom conducts a medicinal bath institute. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hunter Smedley, of 271 West Main street.

Many Massillonians attended the funeral of the late James Smith, which was held from the residence, south of the city, at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. The Rev. L. H. Stewart officiated. A vocal quartette, composed of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Julius, Mrs. Carrie Humberger and Miss Ida Stewart, took part in the services.

The newly elected officers of the Woodmen of the World are H. W. Shafer, past consul commander; S. L. Cochran, consul commander; R. Paxton, adviser lieutenant; C. J. Duncan, banker; C. E. Wagoner, clerk; D. Flickinger, escort; N. Youngblood, watchman; P. O. Cecil, sentry; D. W. Gans, physician; J. Longheier, W. E. N. Hemberly and C. E. Jacoby, managers.

The Canal Fulton council, Monday evening, granted to A. E. Townsend a franchise to construct water mains in the city. The proposal to enter into a contract for twenty-two plugs at \$45 a year was laid on the table, the council holding that this must first be submitted to a vote of the people. It is understood that Mr. Townsend is satisfied and will begin the construction of the plant immediately.

The teachers' council of the Presbyterian church met in the chapel Tuesday evening and elected the following Sunday school officers for the ensuing year: Superintendent, Charles E. Archer; first assistant superintendent, Charles Wagner; second assistant, Thomas Morehead; secretary, Miss Jennie Haring; assistant secretary, Donald Marsh; treasurer, C. B. Heckman; librarians, John McIsaac and Henry Snyder; pianists, Miss Lulu Simpson and Charles Chidester. Following the transaction of the regular business a social session was held and the ladies present served a lunch.

The body of the late Mrs. Evan J. Evans, whose death occurred in Cleveland, was brought to Massillon Monday afternoon for interment. A brief service was conducted at the cemetery by the Rev. O. E. Hall, of the Baptist church. The pallbearers were Stanton Fox, of this city, Charles Albright, John Philips, R. T. Price, David Richards and Thomas Richards, of Cleveland. The funeral was largely attended by people from this city, Cleveland, Youngstown and Justus. Mrs. Evans for many years maintained a country residence near Justus.

The members of the senior class of the Massillon high school who attended the Longfellow birthday exercises given by the senior class of the Navarre high school Saturday evening were Misses Ada Evans, Hazel Johnson, Marian Gates, Elizabeth Miller, Carrie Arthur, Lonisa Nill, Emma Seuffs, Luella Sibila, Hannah Brown, Nellie Oberlin, Ruth Pease, and Messrs. Herman J. Albrecht, Herbert Myers, Homer Lantz, Herbert Schiefer and Charles Chidester. The programme consisted of songs by the schools, recitations, essays and declamations. The exercises were in charge of Superintendent Richardson and were held in the United Brethren church.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

S. BURD IS SERIOUSLY HURT.

Hit with an Iron Pulley by C. Reinoehl.

REINOEHL IS UNDER ARREST.

The Charge is Assault with Intent to Kill—The Mayor Has Committed Reinoehl Without Bail, Pending Developments in Burd's Condition—Assault Took Place in East Main Street, and Was the Outgrowth of Trouble Over Reinoehl's Finding Burd's Pocketbook Recently.

Charles Reinoehl, coal driller, residing in Howells avenue, is under arrest charged with assaulting with intent to kill Sylvester Burd, real estate dealer, of 664 South Erie street. Reinoehl admits that he struck Burd on the head with a heavy iron pulley, at 11 o'clock Monday morning, but claims he did it in self defense.

The affair took place in East Main street, in front of Dr. R. B. Dimon's office. Burd fell unconscious after being struck by Reinoehl. He was carried into the office of Dr. Dimon. He was restored to consciousness, and an hour later was removed to his home. His injuries are a scalp wound two inches long on the left side, just above the forehead, and another gash, higher up, one and a half inches long. He complains of pain in the back of his neck, probably the result of injury sustained when he fell. Dr. Dimon regards Mr. Burd's condition as serious, but thinks he will recover.

The trouble between Burd and Reinoehl dates back six weeks or more. Burd lost pocketbook containing \$25 and other things. Reinoehl found it, so Burd sent Policeman Getz to recover it. Burd never claimed that anything was stolen from the pocketbook, but he and Reinoehl have not been friendly since that time.

Monday morning, Reinoehl claims, he and Burd were fellow passengers in an east bound car. Reinoehl admits that he addressed insulting language to Burd while in the car, who warned him that he would not tolerate much of that sort of thing.

"After that Burd got off the car at the top of the hill," said Reinoehl, in police court, "and I went on to Brow street. I went to the home of Henry Bow and got an iron pulley that I needed in drilling. Then I started back to town. At North street I met Burd. We walked together, talking about that pocketbook affair. He told me that he would make me suffer for not returning that pocketbook sooner if I was half right. I told him that maybe I wasn't right, and said he might send for a judge and find out. That's the way we kept talking till we got to Dr. Dimon's place. Then Burd seemed to get mad at something I said. I ran into Dimon's yard and upon the porch, with Burd after me. I turned just as he was coming on the porch, and struck him with the pulley. I did it in self defense. After I hit him I was much excited. I ran into Dimon's office and told them about it. Then I came down town to Conrad's hardware store, and afterward went home."

Mrs. W. L. Decker, residing in the house in which Dr. Dimon's office is located, was an eye-witness of the assault. "Burd and Reinoehl were walking quietly down the street when I first saw them," said Mrs. Decker. "Neither appeared to be angry or excited, I could not hear anything that was said. Suddenly Reinoehl ran upon the porch. Burd came after him. They seemed to scuffle for a moment, and then Burd fell."

Dr. Dimon was attracted by the noise. He ran to the porch, arriving there just as Burd was falling under the force of the blow. Reinoehl was arrested at his home about 12:30 o'clock by Marshal Kitchen and Constable Bamberger. He acted very peculiarly. "Where's this mayor?" he demanded upon reaching police headquarters, "if he don't come here soon I'm going to leave. You can't keep me here. I haven't done any wrong. I want to go to work. I've got to make a living for my wife and family. I'm going to drilling tomorrow. I've been out of work for six weeks, and I've got to do something."

He seemed to grow hysterical. The police forced him into a chair and told him to sit there quietly, as he would have to wait till the mayor came. The mayor committed Reinoehl to jail without bail, pending developments in Burd's condition.

Reinoehl, a short time ago, had trouble with F. H. Killinger. It is claimed he assaulted Killinger because he could not get money due him from the electric railway company before the regular time. He was arrested and fined.

Reinoehl is 43 years old, and has a wife and child.

Reinoehl claims that he had no intention of keeping Burd's pocketbook when he found it. He was prevented from returning it by circumstances over which he had no control, he said. He admits that he knew it was Burd's from the beginning. "There was one thing in that pocketbook that I took out to examine one night, and forgot to put it back. I won't say what that article was, but it was not of any value. It was in regard to this missing article that started the trouble between Burd and me. I did call Burd a hard name in the street car. I must admit that. We were talking about that pocketbook then. I didn't keep any of the money."

HE IS BOUND OVER.

Reinoehl Taken to Jail in Default of Bail.

HIS BOND FIXED AT \$1,000.

The Mayor Thinks the Case

Will be Referred to the Probate Court, as Reinoehl's Sanity is Questioned — S. Burd Claims He Did Not Attack Reinoehl, and That the Assault Was Unprovoked.

Charles Reinoehl, charged with assaulting S. Burd with intent to kill, waived examination before Mayor Wise, by his attorney, R. A. Pinn, Tuesday, and was bound over to common pleas court. Being unable to procure bond for \$1,000 he was taken to jail to await his trial.

The mayor thinks the case may be referred to the probate court, and an investigation as to Reinoehl's sanity made. Reinoehl, though he had been as wild as a maniac the night before, was calm when arraigned. He acted quite sanely. Marshal Kitchen is today having repaired the damage Reinoehl did to his bed and the other furniture of his cell Monday night.

Mr. Burd continues to improve, and there is no longer any doubt as to his recovery. Speaking of the difficulty with Reinoehl he said today: "I did not run after Reinoehl into Dr. Dimon's yard. I was going on past when Reinoehl called to me, saying that he had something he wanted to say to me. I went into the yard to meet him, and he took me unawares."

"Reinoehl had been abusing father all morning," remarked Thomas Burd, a son of the injured man, Wednesday. "He had followed him from place to place, addressing him in an insulting manner. Father had asked him to retract some of the things that he said, but Reinoehl refused till he entered the Dimon yard. Then he called to father that he should come back, as he was ready to take back what he had said. This was simply a ruse to get father into a position where he would be powerless to defend himself."

OBITUARY.

MRS. M. M. FLETCHER.

A letter from Los Angeles conveys further intelligence concerning the death of Mrs. M. M. Fletcher in that city on Feb. 12, a brief notice of which appeared in the Independent at the time. Mrs. Fletcher was 72 years of age, the widow of the late Abel Fletcher, of this city. Her death was due to asthmatic bronchitis. With her daughter, Miss Lillian Fletcher, Mrs. Fletcher went to California to live two years ago. The letter referred to says that during her comparatively short residence in Los Angeles she had made many friends and that the close of her life was most happy. At her own request the body was cremated. The ashes will some time in the future be brought to Massillon for burial. Miss Fletcher will remain in California for the present.

A. C. MURRY.

David Murry, of this city, has received news of the death of his brother, A. C. Murry, at Tiffin. The deceased was formerly a resident of Massillon. The funeral will take place on Friday.

NORTH AND NORTHEAST.

That the New Mail Route to be Established.

Postmaster L. A. Koons has strong hopes that this spring will see at least one more rural mail route established in this vicinity. The route has already been laid out. It will cover territory northeast and north of the city. The carrier will go out Akron street and return over Mill street. The petitions and application are now in Washington.

VERDICT OF JURY.

C. L. & W.'s Land Appropriation Case.

PRICE AND DAMAGES FIXED.

The Sum of \$1,575 for Land Appropriated, and \$8,265 for Damage to Farm Through Which the Railway Passes— Defendants Wanted \$25,000

Canton, March 5.—The case of the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Railway Company against Maria E. Warwick and others went to the jury at 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. The jury wrestled with the question as to the compensation to be paid for the land appropriated and the damage to the residue of the tract until 11:30 o'clock, or for 7½ hours, and returned a verdict of \$1,575 for the land appropriated and \$8,265 for damages to the residue of the tract, making \$9,840 in all. The land sought to be appropriated runs through the Warwick farm in Perry township and includes a strip about one hundred feet wide and a mile long. The case occupied about ten days in trial before Judge Aungst and the probate court jury. Attorneys Willison & Day and J. E. Lessing represented the railroad company and Attorneys Lynch, Day & Day, the Warwicks.

Superintendent Yarger and the directors of the Stark county workhouse have filed their report for the month of February with the county commissioners. The report shows that there was a daily average of 103 prisoners during the month. The recapitulation shows the total expense of running the institution for the month to have been \$1,293.96. The total earnings were: Boarding foreign prisoners, \$661.92; labor in brush factory, \$162.71; total \$824.63. The cost of maintaining the institution for the month over earnings amounted to \$115.33.

The annual meeting of the board of health was held Tuesday evening. The annual and monthly reports of the officers of the board were made. The mortality report for the month of February showed but 18 deaths, 10 males and 8 females. None of these were from contagious diseases. City Physician Brant's report for the month showed the city to be in a very healthy condition, for he was called upon to make but 87 visits upon the city's charges, while 92 calls were made at his office. Health Officer Marchand's annual report showed 233 deaths in the city during the year.

DYNAMITED THE SAFE.

Burglars Clean Out Westerville Postoffice.

Westerville, O., March 5.—Dynamiting burglars got from \$900 to \$1,200 in stamps and several hundred dollars in money at the postoffice here during the night. The safe door was blown across the office and imbedded in the wall.

NEARBY TOWNS.

SMOKETOWN.

Smoketown, March 6.—Messrs. George and Henry Maurer, of Urichsville, spent Tuesday and Wednesday at the home of their brother, William Maurer, at this place.

William Lash, sr., conducted a sale for F. B. Engleman last Thursday. The crowd was large and all articles brought a fair price.

Teachers of Bethlehem township will hold an institute at the Pleasant Grove school house on March 8.

Ervin Sterner has purchased an extra fine draft colt of J. J. Lutz.

Charles Shortess, of Strasburg, is the guest of the Palmer family this week.

Alfred Hensel has rented the R. C. Slutz property, near Navarre, and will occupy it in the near future.

J. N. Trook will have a sale on Thursday, March 13, selling stock, implements and household effects.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, March 6, 1902:

LADIES.
Deneth, Mrs. Anna Smoots, Miss Emma Ferest, Mrs. R. B. Vance, Mrs. E. J. Huston, Mrs. G. T. Williams, Mrs. M. Yau, Miss Laura.

MEN.

Barnett, Ethel Hicks, Wm. A.
Black, Jacob Jones, James
Bradbury, Chas. Keller, L. J.
Burke, Harvey Lohr, Columbus
Crain, F. D. Myers, George
Fleeman, John Raymond, C.
Freds, Frank Strauser, Rufus

THEATRICAL.

Lampman, E. F. Thompson, Howard

ITEMS.

Massillon Maltese Iron Co.

Persons calling for the above named items will please say advertised.

LOUIS A. KOONS, P. M.

WANTED.—Man and wife without children on farm 4 miles south of Canton, to take care of horses and work about house. Write or call at 26 Cedar street, Massillon.

The Quillmurst Poultry Farm, of Elyria, O., one of the finest properties of its kind in this country, makes an announcement in this issue that should interest every reader.

ROYAL Baking Powder



Makes Clean Bread

With Royal Baking Powder there is no mixing with the hands, no sweat of the brow. Perfect cleanliness, greatest facility, sweet, clean, healthful food.

The 'Royal Baker' any Pastry Cook—containing over 800 most practical and valuable cooking receipts—free to every patron. Send postal card with your full address.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 109 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

MONTHLY REPORTS

A Low Death Rate for February.

RAINFALL LESS THAN AN INCH.

The Arrests Aggregated 23—

The Light Outages Amounted to Twelve Hours—The Building Permits Call for Structures to Cost \$21,200.

But seven Massillonians died in February, according to the monthly report of Health Officer T. C. Miller. The deaths of February last year numbered but seven also. In 1900 there were 8; 1899, 18; 1898, 9; 1897, 17; 1896, 8; 1895, 11; 1894, 17; 1893, 11; 1892, 5; 1891, 10. Two deaths of the month resulted from old age. Other causes were convulsions, apoplexy, disease of the heart and railway accident. There were two fatal railway accidents, but one of the killed, Brakeman Guy, of the Pennsylvania railway, was not a resident of this city.

A COUNTRY HOUSE.

A MUSIC ROOM.

Any Small Room May Be Turned Into a Den For Practice.

In former times the term music room implied a large and stately apartment, with lofty ceiling and all the appurtenances that wealth could provide, says The Household, but today there is another meaning for the words, and any little room on the ground floor large enough to hold an upright piano is set apart for the purpose, and where the small room is not available the hall is often utilized, although this is not so desirable, as the sound will penetrate to every part of the house.

The separate music room is especially desirable where there are children who must have regular hours for practice; consequently, if the piano or organ is in the room where callers are received, either the mother or older members of the family must be excused during practice and lesson hours or the child must be constantly interrupted.

It goes without saying that the sound of the music will not be as agreeable in a small room as in a large one or in the hall, but that can better be sacrificed.

A watch, even if of very good quality, can only give satisfaction if it is treated with regard to its subtle construction. Its possessor must prevent it from falling or being knocked about. A jump from a street car has more than once caused a good timepiece in the jumper's pocket to change its rate. A watch must be kept clean and in a clean place. Dust and small particles of the pocket lining gather continuously in the pockets, and even the best fitting case cannot prevent dirt finding its way to the wheels and pivots of the movement. Watch pockets should be turned inside out and cleaned at regular intervals.

A watch ought to be wound regularly at about the same hour every day. The best time to do this is in the morning, for two reasons: First, because the hours of rising and dressing are more regular with most people than their hours of dressing and retiring; second, because the full power of the mainspring is more likely to reduce to a minimum the irregularities caused by the movements of the owner during the day.

When not carried in the pocket a watch should always hang by its ring in the same position as it is worn. As a rule, watches will run with a different rate when laid down. Only high grade watches are adjusted to positions and will show only a few seconds difference in twenty-four hours, while common watches may be out several minutes in one night.

Ladies often complain that their watches do not run regularly. This may be on account of smaller size and more difficult regulating, but the main reason for the faulty rate is to be found in the fact that ladies do not always carry their watches and consequently often forget to wind them.

Never leave a hunting case watch open during a considerable length of time. A careful observer will find in the morning a layer of dust on the crystal of a watch that has been open during the night. That dust will find its way into the movement. The dust on the outside of the case will be unconsciously rubbed off by the wearer, but when the watch is closed the dust inside of the case must remain there.

A Nice Birthday Cake For a Child.
A marshmallow eat or mouse cake is suggested by Good Housekeeping as suitable for a birthday cake. Children

will appreciate it. Prepare the mice first. Gently mold the marshmallows with the fingers into elongated shape and with a needle threaded two double with fine white thread put in the whiskers, every time wiping the needle with a damp cloth. For the eyes and nose use pen and ink. The ears are tiny squares of white note paper folded diagonally and carefully pressed into the head. The tail, made of No. 6 white cotton, is put in place with the scissors point.

MILITARY FANCIES.
Among fancies of the spring in headgear is sketched a capeline affair of rose tulip having the edge of the brim will appreciate it. Prepare the mice first. Gently mold the marshmallows with the fingers into elongated shape and with a needle threaded two double with fine white thread put in the whiskers, every time wiping the needle with a damp cloth. For the eyes and nose use pen and ink. The ears are tiny squares of white note paper folded diagonally and carefully pressed into the head. The tail, made of No. 6 white cotton, is put in place with the scissors point.

Why Wrinkles Come.
Some faces contract wrinkles at quite an early stage of youth. Little children, not in the least bad tempered, often sleep with a frown upon their faces, and this habit leads to a wrinkled forehead. But the wrinkles thus formed are not the ugliest by any means. Those most to be dreaded are the little lines which appear round the eyes and mouth from the falling away or the bad condition of the skin of the face. In some cases this is due to an overdryness of the skin, and here facial massage does wonders, with the application of really proper skin foods and creams for its nourishment.

Fashionable Veiling.
The shops are showing novel veiling in immense quantities. Veils ending just at the upper lip have been the mode in Paris all winter, and though received very coldly at first on this side the world will no doubt soon gain recognition. Something the same effect is given by a complexion veil of white malines overlaid by a fine black mesh to some three or four inches from the edge, at which point it finishes, leaving a broad border of the plain white mesh dotted with black chevrons. If properly adjusted, this gives much the appearance of the Parisian veil itself.—Vogue.

Towels That Suit the Skin.
There is nothing so good for the complexion or so soothing to the skin as good linen huckaback or damask, and they wash and wear for years. The so called Turkish towels are cotton and very useful for the bath, because they absorb a great deal of water quickly, but the woman who is so ill advised as to use cotton or cotton and linen huckaback for her face and hand towels will never feel comfortable.

A soft pearl gray felt hat is the second example. It is draped with silk of the same shade and a broad band of chinchilla. In front a cluster of white roses appears from a steel gaufrage which holds in a twist of silk.

BOOKSHELVES IN PARLOR.
ous proportion - three characteristics that are not always found in company. The walls of the parlor are finished with green water color paint, and on this surface the pictures stand forth vividly. In an opposite corner of the room, to the left of the entrance, is a low bookcase built against the wall, and this is painted like the woodwork.

The housekeeping details of this small country house are managed with fully as much skill as the other parts of the house. The butler's pantry is well lighted and ventilated, and the kitchen shows a sensible disposition of range and sink.

BOOKSHELVES IN PARLOR.

Details of an Attractive Hallway. Taste in the Dining Room—A Delightful Green Walled Parlor—A Few Housekeeping Points.

Interest in housebuilding has never been so popular as it is at this time nor the desire for original expression in houses so marked.

A small but very desirable country house or cottage containing some strikingly good points is a subject of consideration by The Delinquent, which, as to interior features, has the following to say, among other things:

In the hallway there are several architectural details that must naturally

be named in precedence to the furnishings. The stairs in their lower portion are left without a railing, affording a pretty shelf for foliage plants. The wide tread of the steps and their good width are noteworthy. A coat closet is at the back, fitted into the space under the stairs.

At this point the hall could have been left without any lack observable in its plan, but the architect has introduced a pleasant scheme for making it more delightful—a seat under a window, with its separating grillwork.

A pleasant spot this for a pause from the dining room to the living room and particularly happy for occasions of entertaining.

The white painted woodwork strikes the attention in the hall, and from there it is carried entirely through the house. This makes the uniform adoption of white shades and muslin curtains a simple solution of the often complex question of window treatment. The walls of the halls are tinted a deep colonial red. The floor coverings are the fine mixed colorings of the orient. A Japanese holder for umbrellas occupies one corner of the hall, and a mirror and chair are opposite.

Perfect taste in the dining room requires an absence of the superfluous. Although applicable all over the house, this rule is particularly insisted in this room. We may accumulate things in our bedrooms and parlors, adding here and there as the fancy comes to us, but in the dining room the utilitarian office should never be submerged in the ornamental. To those of us who do not realize this adequately this dining room will offer an admirable lesson. A corner closet for china keeps the line of the floor even and displays behind the diamond panes of glass the decorated tableware. The long drawers are well adapted for the table linen and especially for the tea cloths that the housekeeper finds difficult to keep in unfolded condition. The table, chairs and sideboard are of oak, in plain, good style. The sideboard is equipped with teakettle and chafing dish, making an unexpected point of interest after entering the room. A fireplace with bricks around the opening is opposite the entrance. A large Turkish carpet is laid under the table, and a Turkish portiere is hung at the hall entrance.

The parlor is so perfectly composed that the conventional room the word parlor conjures up makes it in this case a masterpiece. It is a delightful room at whichever point the eye rests. The fireplace is situated directly facing the doorway so that on entering one is in sensibly drawn toward the inge nook. The mantel is a beautiful conception of simple ornaments, graceful and gen-

erally well adapted for the table linen and especially for the tea cloths that the housekeeper finds difficult to keep in unfolded condition. The table, chairs and sideboard are of oak, in plain, good style. The sideboard is equipped with teakettle and chafing dish, making an unexpected point of interest after entering the room. A fireplace with bricks around the opening is opposite the entrance. A large Turkish carpet is laid under the table, and a Turkish portiere is hung at the hall entrance.

MILITARY FANCIES.
Among fancies of the spring in headgear is sketched a capeline affair of rose tulip having the edge of the brim

Why Wrinkles Come.
Some faces contract wrinkles at quite an early stage of youth. Little children, not in the least bad tempered, often sleep with a frown upon their faces, and this habit leads to a wrinkled forehead. But the wrinkles thus formed are not the ugliest by any means. Those most to be dreaded are the little lines which appear round the eyes and mouth from the falling away or the bad condition of the skin of the face. In some cases this is due to an overdryness of the skin, and here facial massage does wonders, with the application of really proper skin foods and creams for its nourishment.

Fashionable Veiling.
The shops are showing novel veiling in immense quantities. Veils ending just at the upper lip have been the mode in Paris all winter, and though received very coldly at first on this side the world will no doubt soon gain recognition. Something the same effect is given by a complexion veil of white malines overlaid by a fine black mesh to some three or four inches from the edge, at which point it finishes, leaving a broad border of the plain white mesh dotted with black chevrons. If properly adjusted, this gives much the appearance of the Parisian veil itself.—Vogue.

Towels That Suit the Skin.
There is nothing so good for the complexion or so soothing to the skin as good linen huckaback or damask, and they wash and wear for years. The so called Turkish towels are cotton and very useful for the bath, because they absorb a great deal of water quickly, but the woman who is so ill advised as to use cotton or cotton and linen huckaback for her face and hand towels will never feel comfortable.

A soft pearl gray felt hat is the second example. It is draped with silk of the same shade and a broad band of chinchilla. In front a cluster of white roses appears from a steel gaufrage which holds in a twist of silk.

BOOKSHELVES IN PARLOR.
ous proportion - three characteristics that are not always found in company. The walls of the parlor are finished with green water color paint, and on this surface the pictures stand forth vividly. In an opposite corner of the room, to the left of the entrance, is a low bookcase built against the wall, and this is painted like the woodwork.

The housekeeping details of this small country house are managed with fully as much skill as the other parts of the house. The butler's pantry is well lighted and ventilated, and the kitchen shows a sensible disposition of range and sink.

BOOKSHELVES IN PARLOR.

Details of an Attractive Hallway. Taste in the Dining Room—A Delightful Green Walled Parlor—A Few Housekeeping Points.

Interest in housebuilding has never been so popular as it is at this time nor the desire for original expression in houses so marked.

A small but very desirable country house or cottage containing some strikingly good points is a subject of consideration by The Delinquent, which, as to interior features, has the following to say, among other things:

In the hallway there are several architectural details that must naturally

A MUSIC ROOM.

Any Small Room May Be Turned Into a Den For Practice.

In former times the term music room implied a large and stately apartment, with lofty ceiling and all the appurtenances that wealth could provide, says The Household, but today there is another meaning for the words, and any little room on the ground floor large enough to hold an upright piano is set apart for the purpose, and where the small room is not available the hall is often utilized, although this is not so desirable, as the sound will penetrate to every part of the house.

The separate music room is especially desirable where there are children who must have regular hours for practice; consequently, if the piano or organ is in the room where callers are received, either the mother or older members of the family must be excused during practice and lesson hours or the child must be constantly interrupted.

It goes without saying that the sound of the music will not be as agreeable in a small room as in a large one or in the hall, but that can better be sacrificed.

TREATMENT FOR THE BACK OF A PIANO.
A watch, even if of very good quality, can only give satisfaction if it is treated with regard to its subtle construction. Its possessor must prevent it from falling or being knocked about. A jump from a street car has more than once caused a good timepiece in the jumper's pocket to change its rate. A watch must be kept clean and in a clean place. Dust and small particles of the pocket lining gather continuously in the pockets, and even the best fitting case cannot prevent dirt finding its way to the wheels and pivots of the movement. Watch pockets should be turned inside out and cleaned at regular intervals.

A watch ought to be wound regularly at about the same hour every day. The best time to do this is in the morning, for two reasons: First, because the hours of rising and dressing are more regular with most people than their hours of dressing and retiring; second, because the full power of the mainspring is more likely to reduce to a minimum the irregularities caused by the movements of the owner during the day.

When not carried in the pocket a watch should always hang by its ring in the same position as it is worn. As a rule, watches will run with a different rate when laid down. Only high grade watches are adjusted to positions and will show only a few seconds difference in twenty-four hours, while common watches may be out several minutes in one night.

Ladies often complain that their watches do not run regularly. This may be on account of smaller size and more difficult regulating, but the main reason for the faulty rate is to be found in the fact that ladies do not always carry their watches and consequently often forget to wind them.

Never leave a hunting case watch open during a considerable length of time. A careful observer will find in the morning a layer of dust on the crystal of a watch that has been open during the night. That dust will find its way into the movement. The dust on the outside of the case will be unconsciously rubbed off by the wearer, but when the watch is closed the dust inside of the case must remain there.

A Nice Birthday Cake For a Child.
A marshmallow eat or mouse cake is suggested by Good Housekeeping as suitable for a birthday cake. Children

will appreciate it. Prepare the mice first. Gently mold the marshmallows with the fingers into elongated shape and with a needle threaded two double with fine white thread put in the whiskers, every time wiping the needle with a damp cloth. For the eyes and nose use pen and ink. The ears are tiny squares of white note paper folded diagonally and carefully pressed into the head. The tail, made of No. 6 white cotton, is put in place with the scissors point.

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THE CARE OF A WATCH.

Cleanness, Regular Winding and a Proper Position.

Generally speaking, the understanding of the public as to what should reasonably be expected from a watch and how it is to be treated is very limited. A little instruction in this regard may benefit the people as well as protect watchmakers from undeserved censure. A watch must be well treated if it is required to perform well its duty. Nobody neglects a large engine or any kind of extended and complicated machinery. The utmost care is taken to observe its working day and night, and it is no more than natural to believe that a watch, containing the smallest and most complicated mechanism, demands extraordinary attention, care and protection as well as large machinery.

Let our readers examine a pincushion of, say, fifty years ago, and they will see that fashions change in room accessories almost as frequently as they do in wearing apparel, for the pincushion of that date looks as old and out of place today as would a bonnet or dress of the same period. So advises The Designer in preface to the following items about the pincushions of the present:

One season all the really up to date cushions for our pins will display hand painted decorations; a year later ribbon

NEW PINCUSHIONS.

UP TO DATE ASPECT OF A USEFUL AND DECORATIVE ARTICLE.

A Change in Shape—Long, Narrow Rolls Now the Thing—Fanciful Combination Abounds—Sensible and Pretty Coverings.

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DETERMINED TO DIE.

Grossklaus Felt no Regret at Coming of Death.

COULD HAVE SAVED HIMSELF.

With Cool Desperation a Justus

Man Slipped on the Noose and Died with His Feet Touching the Floor—Had but to Stand Erect to Stay Death.

Justus, March 5.—John Grossklaus, aged about 35 years, a wealthy bachelor farmer, committed suicide at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon by hanging. He used a piece of wool twine, which he attached to the rafters of the attic. His feet were touching the floor when the body was found, and he could easily have saved himself had he felt any regret during the minute that preceded death. He had but to stand erect to stay death.

Grossklaus lived with his brother, Fred Grossklaus. Lately he had not been in good health. His rooms were on the second floor of the residence. The body was found by Miss Anna Grossklaus, niece of the deceased. She was going upstairs to fix the fire in her uncle's room. Glancing up the stairway she saw the body hanging in the attic. Grossklaus was not dead, though unconscious, when found. He died without regaining consciousness.

The deceased left no letters of explanation. It is supposed that ill health and the fear that a breaking down of his system was imminent, drove him to desperation. Grossklaus was quite wealthy. He was a farmer, and was accounted shrewd and successful. He was a nephew of John Grossklaus, of Navarre.

NEWMAN.

Newman, March 5.—Josiah Rowe, of North Lawrence, spent Monday in our village.

Mr. and Mrs. James Weidner have rented the east part of the Masters property and moved there this week.

The Newman literary has become defunct and closed its doors since the bad roads have set in.

Casper Heinrich has purchased a home on the Canton road, near Massillon's east end, and will move there on April 1.

The White Oak coal mine on the Kitchen farm made the first shipment on Saturday, the Massillon Stone and

Firebrick Company being the first purchaser of a forty-ton car, run of mine. The coal is of the best quality in the Massillon district.

Mrs. T. E. Masters spent several days in Massillon last week assisting her sister, Mrs. Osteuhimer, who has a very sick child.

John A. Doubledee has purchased a home near Bentley, in Tuscarawas township, and will move his family there about April 1. The property which he vacates will be for sale or rent. There is seventeen acres of land with this home. For particulars see William Findley.

Mrs. Joseph Griffith is undergoing a severe attack of the grip.

The Hon. James Cooney arrived at his home in Newman last week after a three months' visit with his brother in Iowa. He was very much pleased with his trip and the people, but feels that after all is said and done there is no place like Newman. Mr. Cooney while in Iowa was a close observer and has arranged for a shipment of a new quality of oats to arrive here in time for spring seeding. He also took an active part in the free school book agitation of that state and gave them the benefit of his experience in Ohio on that same question.

The trustees of Lawrence township held their annual settlement meeting at Canal Fulton last Monday. After the routine business had been attended to the Metzger new road bill was talked over, the consciousness of opinion being that in Lawrence township, where there are nearly sixty miles of public road to work, that it would be simply an impossibility for one road commissioner to superintend the work and do the roads justice. Why not permit the trustees to appoint a commissioner in each precinct in the township? The territory could then be covered within the proper time for working the roads.

Mrs. Amanda Rees spent last week with her daughter, Mrs. John G. Edwards, at Barberton.

Miss Jennie Thorn, of near Canal Fulton, was the guest of Miss Theresa Dodd the past week.

The White Oak mine had a Bell telephone placed in their office last week. Newman continues to be left out in the cold in this respect, notwithstanding the fact that they have made application to both companies for a toll, public or private 'phone.

CAMP CREEK.

Campcreek, March 5.—John Collier's barn burned down last Saturday evening. The total loss approximately reached \$1,200.

James Miller, of Michigan, visited at George Hall's residence part of last week.

Miss Ivy Bixler, of Indiana, visited

at Mrs. Clara Deal's residence last week.

Andrew Beck is going on a hunting tour during the coming season, through the states of Maine and Vermont.

R. E. Pfouts, teacher of Cross Roads school, was presented with a gold pen last Friday by the school as a token of esteem.

Miss Ella Boughman is on the sick list.

Church services were held at Cross Roads last Sunday, the Rev. Mr. Adams officiating.

NAVARRE.

Navarre, March 5.—Mrs. John Fauk, of Pittsburgh, is the guest of Mrs. Elmer Menter.

Mrs. Florence Mickinson, of Chicago, is a guest at the Weidman residence.

J. A. Miller has returned to St. Clair, after a brief visit at the home of Mayor Warwick.

CANAL FULTON.

Canal Fulton, March 5.—Miss Ellen Earnshaw has been engaged to succeed Miss Clara Stover as teacher of the first primary department of the public schools. Miss Stover goes to Akron to take a position in a dry goods store. Miss Earnshaw's home is in this place, but she has lately been employed as a teacher elsewhere.

Misses Ella and Nettie Simpson, of Akron, spent several days at the home of their parents north of town, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Simmons, north of town, visited friends and relatives in Akron last week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Vauderhoof, and two children, spent Sunday and Monday with S. M. Liggett, at Canton.

Percy Harmon returned to Akron Tuesday, after a week's visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Harmon, south of town.

M. S. Daily was a Barberton visitor on Saturday and Sunday.

David Williams, guard at the Ohio penitentiary at Columbus, was a visitor in town several days the past week.

Charles Sorn, of Akron, is visiting his parents at this place.

NORTH LAWRENCE.

North Lawrence, March 5.—George Johnson has sold the stock of his general store to James Ryan, another local merchant.

A party was given in the rink, the other evening. The attendance was large, and everybody had a good time.

The almost impassable condition of the roads prevented numerous theater parties from going to Massillon during the past two weeks.

Many miners, particularly the younger element, are leaving for the new coal fields south and southwest of town.

William Cullenbaugh, a driver em-

ployed at the Tally-bo mine, was caught between a prop and a car, the other day. He sustained severe injuries.

ORRVILLE.

Orrville, March 4.—W. R. Heaton, special agent for the Underwriters, was in town a few days the past week in the interests of the company.

C. E. Ammann, of Barberton, visited among friends here last Sunday.

A number of dogs have been poisoned here during the past month.

The prospective candidates for election will have their names out in another week. The election, it is expected, will be an interesting one.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will meet at the home of Mrs. G. I. Peters on Tuesday evening.

Dr. P. S. Greenamyer is confined to his house again, having caught a severe cold on his return from Piqua recently.

NORTH LAWRENCE.

North Lawrence, March 6.—Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Pollock are home from Columbus.

Hiram Wolf is on the sick list.

Mrs. Charles Wheeling, of Canton, spent a few days with her mother, Mrs. Daugherty, at this place, last week.

Charles Hotchkiss, who has been spending several days at this place, returned to his home in Washingtonville on Sunday.

About twenty neighbors and friends of Mrs. Edward McCarty, with well filled baskets, called on her unexpectedly, Friday evening, to remind her of her thirtieth birthday. The evening was spent very pleasantly.

William Moffitt, foreman of the Klondike mine, is on the sick list.

BROOKFIELD.

West Brookfield, March 6.—A number of our young people attended a party at John Brenner's residence last Saturday evening.

Mrs. Philip Meisimer is on the sick list.

Miss Golden Ralston spent Sunday with her cousin, Miss Esther Ralston.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Reinoehl have moved from Mr. Reinoehl's mother's property into the Samuel Miller property.

David Erb sustained a stroke of paralysis on Friday of last week, and is very ill at this writing.

Drillers are drilling for coal on Thomas Patterson's land.

CANAL FULTON.

Canal Fulton, March 6.—Elliott lodge of Free Masons, Monday evening, decided upon March 14 as the date for the annual banquet. John A. Burkholder, J. C. Ethling and Dr. W. E. Moulton were appointed a committee on arrangements.

E. R. Held, of Akron, treasurer of the Pioneer Cereal Company, which has purchased the local mill, was in Fulton Tuesday. Mr. Held said the mill project is being pushed rapidly, and that it will undoubtedly reach a successful conclusion.

The Tuscarawas river has receded as rapidly as it rose and there is no longer any danger. Little damage was done. Some barns were flooded, and, when at its highest point, the water almost got in the local lumber yards. Immense quantities of drift wood accumulated about the piers of the new bridge, and would probably have acted as a serious impediment had the river continued to rise. As it was, this accumulation backed up the water till it was much higher above the bridge than below.

The council was so pressed with other business, Monday evening, that it did not have time to take up the town clock matter. The friends of the movement are still active, and have strong hopes that the clock will materialize.

Mrs. Barbara Hearst, who recently sustained a fractured leg, in a fall at her home, west of town, is improving.

Mrs. Hearst, after the fracture had been reduced, had the misfortune to fall again, and undid much that the surgeon had done for her relief. Dr. H. Dissinger is attending Mrs. Hearst.

John Haines, who is now at Cody, Wyo., will return to Fulton the latter part of the month, bringing the body of his son, who was accidentally killed at that place, where he was employed.

The body had been buried several weeks when exhumed. Funeral services will be held at Fulton.

Austin Crise, of the Exchange bank, is considerably improved, and strong hopes for his recovery are entertained.

Richard Porter, west of town, has recovered from injuries sustained recently by a fall. Dr. Jones took several stitches in a bad gash on Mr. Porter's head.

GENOA.

Genoa, March 6.—The hard freezing makes the wheat look bad.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Gecoba were in Canton Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Noah Gruber will move to their new home, south of Richville, in the near future.

A great many of the folks of this vicinity were at the Welker sale on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Josie Foltz visited at John Muskoff's Sunday.

The literary society at Genoa will meet next Friday night. The debaters will be from Richville.

Entertainment committees will find just what they want in the way of invitations, programmes, etc., at THE INDEPENDENT office.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	84
Wheat.	84
Loose hay, per ton.	89 00-10
Baled hay.	10 11
Straw, per ton.	85 20 6 00
Corn.	65-68
Oats.	45
Clover Seed.	5 00-5 50
Bran.	1 20
Middlings.	1 20
Salt, per barrel.	8 1 00
Timothy Seed.	2 00-2 40
Rye, per bu.	60
Barley.	50
Flax seed.	1 50
Wool.	18-20

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, per bushel.	70-80
Apples.	90-1 10
Cabbage, doz.	40
White beans.	2 25
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY.	22-24
Butter.	22-24
Eggs (fresh).	23
Live Spring Chickens, per lb.	07
Chickens, dressed per lb.	10
Turkeys, dressed, 12c: Live.	09

MEATS AND CHEESE.

Ham.	11
Shoulder.	08

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

ROOMS CROWDED

EVERY VISIT.

Dr. Schram, The Eminent German Specialist.

Will be at the Hotel Conrad, Massillon, Tuesday, Mar. 11

From 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

SPECIALTIES—Diseases of the EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT and STOMACH. Chronic Diseases require a searching diagnosis. Genital and Urinary Diseases cured by an entirely new method. Dr. Schram's examinations are similar to those given in the eastern and foreign hospitals where thousands of patients are seen every month. Dr. Schram's doctor said he had earned his profession.

No matter what the cause may be his long, varied and eminently successful career as a specialist in this field enables him to more thoroughly treat these diseases than those whose knowledge is not the result of actual experience and scientific study.

The doctor has cured hundreds of cases of CATARRH, DEAFNESS and STOMACH DISEASES.

Consultation and Examination Free.

Massillon Proof.

Massillon Proof.

WOOSTER STREET.

Mrs. Philip Diefenbacher, sr., of 12 Wooster street, says: "The great soothsaying and healing qualities of Doan's Kidney Pills upon the kidneys prove conclusively that that remedy is worthy of all confidence. I value the medicine more than I can possibly express, for it brought me relief from backache which had clung to me for too long to be pleasant. Should recurrences take place, I will immediately buy a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store and take a course of the treatment, fully satisfied that I will not appeal to the medicine in vain."

North High Street.

Mrs. V. S. Garrett, of 102 North High